Nellie Bly's Experience as an Amateur Factory Girl. Mrs. Cleveland's Favorite Recipe for Making Brown Bread.



Morio

Bonner's Stables and Horses. SEE THE SUNDAY WORLD.

Julian Hawthorne on Athletic Training and How Wilkie Collins Writes Novels. Some of the Tall Men of Gotham and Where Our Anarchists Live.

PRICE ONE CENT.

EVENING EDITION.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1887.

EVENING EDITION.

PRICE ONE CENT.

LADIES INVADE THE LODGES

EVERYTHING READY FOR THE GREAT MASONIC PAIR OPENING ON MONDAY.

The Bewildering Scene of Beauty Which Will Meet the Eyes of the Spectators-The Enterprise to Ald the Asylum Fund-Booths and the Ladies at Them-A \$5,000 Chinese Quilt to Be Given Away.



VERY afternoon and evening, beginning with Monday next and continuing until Dec. 17, the grand hall of the Masonie Temple, at the corner of Sixth avenue and Twentythird street, will overflow with susceptible young men, attracted FRANK R. LAWRENCE. by the hosts of pretty

maids and matrons, who will plead with all ingenuity for a pittance for sweet charity's sake. Such scenes will signalize the opening and continuance of the fair, managed by the wives and daughters of the Masons in New York and Brooklyn, in aid of the Asylum Fund, the object of which is the establishment of an asylum for aged and indigent Masons and their widows and

The Ladies' Masonic Fair Association, of which Mrs Frank R. Lawrence is President. has worked indefatigably since early summer in this worthy undertaking, and now, as the

result of that labor, the result of that labor, the association finds success assured. Gifts of every variety and of the most costly character have been sent to adorn the tables and increase the revenue, and the ladies feel confident that the public purse will be opened just as freely, and that the fair will be the most successful in the history of the Masonic

most successful in the history of the Masonic brotherhood in this E. M. L. EHLERS. city. The ladies have received much help in their work from Grand Master Frank R. Lawrence and Grand Secretary E. M. L. Ehlers. For weeks regular meetings have been held

Ehlers.

For weeks regular meetings have been held in Austin Room, Masonic Temple, and finally all plans have been completed, the spacious floor has been divided and subdivided, pretty pleaders have been heard as to their choice for locations—for location is everything when individual successes at fairs are concerned—and on Monday afternoon, when Grand Master Frank R. Lawrence formally announces the opening of the fair, as charming a picture will be witnessed by the fortunate ones present, as dainty fingers and feminine taste and fancy can devise.

Already the sound of the hammer has ceased. Bunting of every color, draped in graceful folds, covers the rude, homely work of the mechanic. Pyramids in red, white and blue greet one at the entrance where they seem like sentinels guarding from the curious, even glimpses of the beauties within. Banners, flags and streamers, hang prettily about the walls or, pendent from the ceiling, float laxily in mid-air. Palms and ferns in massive groups, give acceptable color to the pretty articles upon the tables, and potsed plants, in brightest blossoms, diffuse their fragrance throughout the hall.

At the platform, where the Bible rest now stands deserted, and at the organ, whose keys are yellow and dusty from disuse, the work of transformation is progressing with like rapidity. Tiny booths, barely tall or broad enough to hold their fair occupants, are clustered about, and when George W. Morgan strikes the organ keys for the opening solo the music will have to force its way through labyrinths of gauze adornments and wind in and out among the myriads of gifts, alike useful, ornamental and costly.

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solo the music will have to roree its way through labyrinths of gauze adornments and wind in and out among the myriads of gifts, alike useful, ornamental and costly.

There has been so much said in regard to the Masonic Hall and the Asylum Fund and the present work respecting them that an explanation here will be acceptable. The fair is a free-will offering of the brethren of New York city and Brooklyn, who, having paid their debt in full, wish to do something more in aid of the worthy object of the fund. When the organization was formed by the ladies connected with the families of members of lodges, the consent of the Grand Master and the co-operation of brethren was obtained, with the understanding that the money realized should not at once be used in erecting the Asylum, but should be held until the debt was paid, and that then the money should be turned over to the trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund for the purposes of incorporation. The holding of this fair will not in the least degree hinder the work of paying the debt. Building sites are already offered, though no choice has yet been made. Indeed, no steps have been taken towards locating the building, and none will be without the fullest sanction of the craft. It was decided many years ago that the Asylum should not be erected in this city, but in the interior of the State, and the project will involve the interests of 80,000 Masons, of whom about twenty-seven thousand are in New York City and Brooklyn.

But back to the hall. The most elaborate and elegant table, and one that will command admiration from all, will be the floral booth, situated in the middle of the hall, directly in front of the entrance and separated from all others. The Ladies' Executive Committee

situated in the middle of the hall, directly in front of the entrance and separated from all others. The Ladies' Executive Committee will have general charge, though nightly one member will assume the practical duties of flower-girl. On Monday Mrs. F. R. Lawrence, Mrs. E. M. L. Ehlers, or Mrs. E. W. Richardson will probably be in charge, and for the rest of fair time that duty will devaluate the second of the control of th

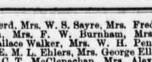
Richardson will probably be in charge, and for the rest of fair time that duty will devolve on a score or more matrons, among whom are Mrs. F. A. Burnham, Mrs. E. B. Harper, Mrs. Levi Samuels, Mrs. H. J. Smith, Mrs. J. J. Little, Mrs. E. A. G. Interman, Mrs. W. H. Andrews, Mrs. F. P. Morris and Mrs. John Boyd.

Then among the other tables, which, in round numbers, will aggregate fifty, will be that of George Washington Lodge 285, in charge of Mrs. A. H. Bradley, Miss Selonick will look after the interests of the booth of Franklin Lodge 447, while in the space given the Second Masonio District, including Hyatt Lodge 205, Progressive Lodge 354, Corner-Stone 367, Cassia 446, Yew Tree 461, Tyrian 618, these ladies will respectively have charge: Mrs. Jos. Fox, Mrs. George W. Decker, Mrs. Alfred J. Tartiss, Mrs. William H. Miller, Mrs. Hugh Munroe and Mrs. George D. Short. Table No. 5, Brooklyn Lodge 288, will be under the supervision of Mrs. James H. Dykeman; the first Masonic district booth will be under the care of Mrs. F. P. Morris, and table No. 6, including Cyrus Lodge 208 and Tecumseh Lodge 487, will be in charge of Mrs. Slater and Mrs. Jos. Hofman.

Mrs. Aug. F. Frech will superintend

man.

Mrs. Aug. F. Frech will superintend table No. 7, Mrs. C. Godfrey Patterson No. 8, and Mrs. George H. Loop and Mrs. Ralph Mayers table No. 2, Then among the other fair attendants will be Mrs. Richard Gurney, Mrs. Waldo H. Richardson, Mrs. Jeremiah H. Goldman, Mrs. Charles A. Winch, Mrs.



N. J. Hebberd, Mrs. W. S. Sayre, Mrs. Fred Hartenstein, Mrs. F. W. Burnham, Mrs. William Wallace Walker, Mrs. W. H. Penoyer, Mrs. E. M. L. Ehlers, Mrs. George Ellwood, Mrs. C. T. McClenachan, Mrs. Alex. McGrath, Mrs. J. F. Stern, Mrs. Millard Van Blaricom, Miss Mamie Thoms, Mrs. George W. Cregier, Mrs. Henry S. Herrman, Mis. Augustine Kranshaar, Mrs. E. H. Ferguson, Mrs. Rufus Smith, Mrs. William Sherer, Mrs. Ingoldsby, Mrs. J. M. Layman, Mrs. Eliza Demorest, Mrs. J. W. Carpenter, Mrs. Alfred L. Ryer, Mrs. John H. Pulis, Mrs. Aaron Morris, Mrs. George W. Waiters, Mrs. William Mc. Faul, Mrs. E. W. Richardson and Mrs. John J. Barr.

In the committe room there will be a plentiful supply of mineral water, in charge of Lafayette Lodge: Evangelist Lodge will guard the sweetest booth, the candy table; Darcy Lodge will take money for cigars in the corridor, and the jewelry booth will be in the hands of members of Mt. Nemo Lodge. In the banquet hall, which probably will be upstairs, the restaurant and refreshment booths will be in charge of Mrs. H. H. Brockway.

The musical entertainments which will

way.

The musical entertainments which will form a feature of the fair will be given in the Commandery Room. The opening musicale will occur Monday night, at 9 o'clock, and will be under the direction of John H.

commandery Room. The opening musicals will occur Monday night, at 9 o'clock, and will be under the direction of John H. Allen.

Tuesday night, at 8.30, there will be a concert under the direction of Alexander Lambert. Wednesday night, at 8.30, there will be a vaudeville entertainment under the management of R. Fitzgerald and H. S. Sanderson. Saturday's programme has not yet been arranged. Tuesday night, Dec. 6, at 8.30, E. H. Warker and George W. Ryer will direct an artistic entertainment; Wednesday there will be a classical entertainment under the direction of Prof. Hermann Korthener; Thursday night Adelphic Lodge will give a musicale, and Saturday night. December 10, there will be a grand operatic concert. It is hoped that Mile. Teresina Tua, the violin soloist, will be able to be present during fair time, and Miss Laura Sedgwick Collins will furnish original and novel recitations on Tuesday night, December 6.

Several thousand season tickets have already been sold. Each of these tickets bears a coupon and a number. To the holder of a number to be later designated will be given a quilt valued at \$5,000, the gift of the Chinese Embassy at the last Masonic fair, and which was not then disposed. The directors of the Garfield National Bank have given the fair a Chickering grand piano, which will be disposed of by chance. Hardman, Peck & Co. likewise contributed a piano and Mrs. E. H. Harper donates a mosaic quilt that took five years to make. Six jewels will be given to the most popular brothers in this city or Brooklyn to be declared by ballot, and Mrs. F. A. Burnham, wife of the Commissioner of of Appeals, has donated articles valued at \$2,000. During fair time the entire Masonic Temple will be thrown open to the public and an entire opportunity offered to inspect the magnificent lodge rooms, which are without equal in this country, and as well to study the different orders of architecture in their construction.

The fair will be formally opened on Monday next at 2 p. M., and continue from 2 until 11 p. M. till

A magazine and newspaper combined. The Sunday WORLD. Only 8 cents.

CRICKET WITH WEST INDIANS.

Final Arrangements for the New York and Philadelphia Players. Final arrangements for the trip to the West

Indies of the team selected by Messrs, Cyril Wilson, of New York, and Newbold Etting, of Philadelphia, have at last been completed, and the official announcement of players and programme has been issued by Mr. Wilson.

programme has been issued by Mr. Wilson.

The team will sail from New York Thursday, Dec. 17, on the steamship Barraconta, which is due at St. Croix, Dec. 28; St. Kitts, Dec. 24; Martinique, Dec. 25; Barbadoes, Dec. 27; Grenada, Dec. 28; Trinidad, Dec. 29 and 20, and Demerara, Jan. 1. One-day matches will be played, or facilities for practice afforded, at all the islands except Martinique; at Trinidad the first two-days match will be played on Dec. 29 and 30.

From the 1st to the 7th of January will be spent at Demerara, with cricket matches on the 2d and 3d against Demerara, and on the 5th and 6th against the United Colonies. Demerara will be left on the 7th by Royal Mail steamer, and Barbadoes reached on the 8th. The 9th, 10th and 11th will be devoted to cricket, and a start made on the 12th to Jamaica by Royal Mail steamer due at Kingston on the 15th.

Jamaica by Royal Mall steamer due at Ringston on the 15th.

The matches arranged in Jamaica are as follows: Jan. 16 and 17, vs. Kingston Cricket Club; Jan. 18 and 19, vs. officers of garrison; Jan. 21 and 23, vs. St. Elizabeth Cricket Club. The 24th is the day fixed for leaving Jamaica for New York, which will be reached on Jan.

George Lane will accompany the team as umpire and coach, and the following is said to be positively the correct list of the players who will participate: W. J. Duhring and W. C. Morgan, ir., Germantown C. C.; C. C. Champion and C. N. Palmer, Young America C. C.; C. Coates, Belmont C. C.; N. Etting, Merion C. C.; C. Wilson and E. H. Outerbridge, Staten Island C. C.; J. M. Garnett and E. W. Sadler, Seabright C. C.; H. P. Smith, St. George C. C., and C. L. Bixby, Longwood, C. C.

Where Our Anarchists Live! See the Sunday

UPSET BY A CABLE CAR.

Mrs. Mary Biedermann Thrown from Her Carriage and Severely Hurt.

While Mrs. Mary Biedermann, a wealth; lady living at 961 Washington avenue, in the annexed district, was driving in Lexington avenue yesterday afternoon, she attempted to cross One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street rapidly, but before she succeeded in clearing the cable railroad tracks there, a car came running along and struck the little

It was knocked over on its side, hurling Mrs. Biedermann some distance from the vehicle. In the fall her ankle was dislocated and she received a severe shock to her sys-

tem.
She was taken to the East One Hundred and
Twenty-six*n Street Station and thence to her
home by her husband.

Read Nellie Bly's experience as an amateur factory girl in the Bunday WORLD.

Dickerings of Baseball Men.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 26.—Manager Gus Schmelz left for home last night, satisfied that Caruthers will not be sold to Cincinnati, although that city will not be soid to Cincinnata, attaught has cay win pay the most money for him and he prefers going there. President Von der Ahe has not returned from New York yet, but there is little doubt that he wants to seil his orack pitcher to Brooklyn, and that Brooklyn will get him. Glesson deules that he has signed with the Athletics, and is certain of only one thing, namely, that he will not play in St. Louis next year, either with the Association or with the Western League.

A Dead Man

CAN HE BEAT THE RECORD?

LITTLEWOOD MAKING A GALLANT FIGHT IN THE PHILADELPHIA MATCH.

He Says He is Bound to Go Home to England Champion of the World for a Six Day's Go-As-You-Please Contest-Challenged by Hongland-He had 74 Miles to

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD,] PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—The question which presented itself to the spectators in the Elite Rink this morning was whether or not George Littlewood would succeed in his endeavor to beat Paddy Fitzgerald's 142 hour record of 610 miles. Fitzgerald's record for the sixth day was :

1,520 880 880 880 1,520 1,520 #fine, 540 541 547 853 567 969 868 869 570 572 576 170 140. 880 141. 1,320 142 The Englishman says he is going to beat

the world's record. His backer, Frank Dole his trainer, George Bromley, and ebony-hued Sam, his man of all work, all say so, The midnight score was: Littlewood, 524;

Albert, 481; Panchot, 467; Noremao, 446 and Elson, 488 miles.

At this time Littlewood was 18 miles and 170 yards behind the record, and it is necessary for him to do 87 miles to-day to accomplish his purposes.

sary for him to do 87 miles to-day to accomplish his purpose.

He came on the track at 2 o'clock and set about his day's work. He claims to be in the pink of condition, and declares that he will make a tremendous effort.

Albert, the Philadelphia favorite, is in second place, and is likely to keep it, although Panchot may press him very closely as the race nears the finish.

Flowers in abundance have been showered on the five weary pedestrians. Littlewood

race nears the finish.

Flowers in abundance have been showered on the five weary pedestrians. Littlewood was the recipient of a small basket of flowers, surmounted by an American flag: also a small box containing a \$20 gold piece. Old man Elson was given a gold-headed cane. Noramac was given a silk hat, a bottle of wine and two baskets of flowers.

Dominick McCaffrey, Arthur Chambers, Joe Acton and Joe Elliott were among the spectators last night.

Referce James Watson yesterday received a letter from John Hughes, "the Lepper,' in which he stated his intention of challenging Littlewood for a six-days' race, for from \$1,000 to \$5,000 a side. Frank Dole said: "As soon as we receive Hughes's challenge we will accept it. Littlewood will race him for any amount of money, and any time from twenty-seven hours to six days, I will make but one stipulation, and that is that the newspapers select the referce."

Littlewood has also been challenged by W. A. Hoagland, the champion heel-and-toe walker of America, to a six-day heel-and-toe race for \$3,000 a side. Littlewood holds the heel-and-toe record, 531 miles, for six days, and Hoagland has made 480 miles in the same time.

This was the score at 10 o'clock, this morn-

This was the score at 10 o'clock, this morn-

Albert Panchot

RATTLING COCKING-MAIN IN DOVER.

Deadham Defeats Suffelk County to Five Succesive Battles.

BOSTON, Nov. 26.—The bird fanciers of Dedham, the shire town of Norfolk, and sporting men representing the County of Suffolk repaired quietly to a secluded spot in the Town of Dover yesterday afternoon. When the carriages containing the occupants stopped at the place, of which the "tip" had been given, about thirty-five well-known sports "stepped out." Several of them carried queer looking bags. Once upon a time they might have contained meal, perhaps potatoes or corn, but to those present the contents of each were no mystery, as it was known that each bag contained a well-trained cock. Entering the barn where a neat pit had been previously arranged, the sports discarded their heavy coats, and those representing Dedham and those Boston repaired to respective corners and eagerly watched the heeling of the birds. A popular sporting man of Boston, "heeled" for the owners of the birds representing the "Hub," while a well-known fancier from an adjoining town "heeled" for Dedham.

The first battle was between a black-red from Dedham and a brown-red from Boston, each weighing 4 pounds 6 ounces. This fight was for \$25 a side. The Dedham bird was a favorite from the start and won in 2 minutes. The Dedham bird suffered no injury and was immediately pitted against a 4 pound 6 ounce must from Boston. Boston men put their bets on the must, but in five minutes the Dedham brown red had won its second victory. This battle was also for \$25 a side, and considerable money exchanged hands.

The next bird shown up was a black red representing Boston and a bird of the same color representing Dedham Each bird tipped the scales at 4 pounds 2 ounces. This battle was for \$25 a side and was a hard contested fight. The Dedham bird won after battling 25 minutes.

The next battle was between a 4 pound 10 ounce black from Dedham and a black red from Boston of the same weight. This battle was for \$50 a side. The Dedham bird won after battling 25 minutes.

Everything so far was in favor of Dedham, and as its handler took it up from the floor it gave a prolonged crow.

Everything so far was in favor of Dedham, and Boston naturally felt disconsolate, as the Dover yesterday carriages containing the occupants stopped

gave a prolonged crow.

Everything so far was in favor of Dedham, and Boston naturally feit disconsolate, as the

Everything so far was in favor of Dednam, and Boston naturally felt disconsolate, as the main had now been lost to Dedham, as only another battle was to be fought.

In this battle Dedham pitted a birch-back, weight six pounds, and Boston a black red the same weight. This battle was of short duration, the Dedham bird winning in about two minutes.

two minutes.

The battle was for \$25 a side.
Delham was jubilant over the five successive victories. All the parties were very friendly throughout the main.

Ex-Senator Yale Accused of Fraud. [SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 26.—Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., the silver plating firm of Wallingford, made an answer to-day in the suit of Ex-Senator Charles D. Yale, their New York agent, for \$18,000 which he claims he advanced the firm. The answer sets forth that Mr. Yale and his sons opened a jewelry store in New York, allowed the business of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co. to fail off, and instead of making \$55,000 for the house, as the books show, ran behind to the extent of \$60,000, covering this up by false returns.

[From the Pittsburg Chronicle.]
"I know a worse well than that," said the Snake Scittor, after he had listened to one of the vintage of 180). "What is it?" asked the Horse Editor.

A Worse Sell.

THE NEW CATHEDEAL. Dr. Nevin to Return Next May to Look

The return of Dr. Nevin to his church of St. Paul, in Rome, a week ago last Wednesday, has left a vacancy in the Board of the new Cathedral. A World reporter called on Bishop Potter at the Granada, and asked if Dr. Nevin's position had been

supplied. "No," said the Bishop, "Dr. Nevin's work in Rome is such that he can probably leave it next May, and return here to look after the interests of the Cathedral again. I have not had time to look over the notes which the Doctor left with me, but everything is going on satisfactorily. Exactly how much the contributions amount to up to the present I

contributions amount to up to the present I cannot tell you."

"Have you settled on any definite plan for the Cathedral?"

"No. I hope soon to call together the Committee on Building, and then something more definite will be done. Plans for the Cathedral will be solicited from architects in competition. The one which gives the most satisfaction will be chosen. Of course some American architect is what is wanted for an American cathedral.

"The chief difficulty is to combine the requirements of ecclesiastical architecture with

quirements of ecclesiastical architecture with quirements of ecclesiastical architecture with our native environment—to get what will suit our sky and climate, and will be dig-nified and beautiful. Prof. Ware, of Colum-bia, has kindly consented to lend the Build-ing Committee any assistance he may. He is thoroughly familiar with the charac-teristics of the different styles of archi-tecture. tecture.

"No further large donation has been re-ceived since Mr. Astor's."

The work of planning an American catheceived since Mr. Astor's."

The work of planning an American cathedral ought to act as an inspiration to an architect. It is a big conception, but few conditions could be more favorable to working out a magnificent plan. The site is well known. Morningside Park affords a broad, open space, so that buildings will not encroach on the Cathedral from the east. The grounds are sufficiently ample to allow the structure to be so placed that another open space may be secured it towards One Hundred and Tenth street.

This is an advantage, but it will demand additional consideration from the architect in working out a plan. The whole building will be in view, and at a distance which permits its proportions to be duly felt throughout the entire pile. Hence the need of arranging the masses of the structure effectively.

The greater portion of the community is more interested in the material cathedral

tively.

The greater portion of the community is more interested in the material cathedral than in its ecclesiastical organization and government. The contributions have shown this, since they are not at all sectarian. It is felt that New York, if it is not to be a cathedral town, should be made so by a building to which it can turn with the utmost civic pride.

Read about Robert Bonner's stables and horses in the Sunday WORLD.

SWOONED AS HE HEARD THE VERDICT. Ruin of a Pennsylvania Prencher-Gullty Collusion to Defraud.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD,] PITTSBURG, Nov. 26 .- A pathetic incident occurred in Common Pleas Court No. 2 vesterday afternoon. The defendant was Rev. James T. Robinson, a local preacher in Sharpsburg, one of Pittsburg's suburbs. He is over seventy years of age. He was at one time in good circumstances, being worth about \$100,000. When the ill-fated Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, of Sharpsburg, was and Mechanics Bank, of Sharpsourg, was organized Mr. Robinson invested in it con-siderable money. The bank, after a brief career, became unable to meet its obligations and closed its doors with a deficit of over \$100,000, for which the stockholders were re-sponsible. This failure was a heavy blow to Mr. Robinson, whose complete financial ruin followed.

Mr. Robinson, whose complete financial ruin followed.

Mr. Robinson at this time owned a lot in Sharpaburg, which was of small value, and his wife proposed to him that he should convey this property to her and in addition to that give her \$200 in cash. In return for this she assigned to him a legacy of \$500, which would become her's upon the death of her mother. Mrs. Robinson mortgaged the lot and built upon it and afterwards sold it. By making several investments in real estate, Mrs. Robinson finally became possessed of the property in dispute, a house and lot on Main street, Sharpsburg, valued at between \$5,000 and \$6,000.

The point at issue in this case, of which this is the second trial, was whether or not Mr. Robinson and his wife had acted in collusion to transfer the lot and \$200, with the intention of defrauding the creditors of the former. Yesterday the jury decided that it was a collusion to defraud, and that the \$5,000 house and lot was liable for Mr. Robinson's old debts. When the verdict was read Mr. Robinson fell off his chair in a swoon. He was carried out of court and restoratives were applied. When he recovered consciousness he became violently ill for some time. He said to his faithful wife, who was attending to him in the corridor: "This verdict leaves us nothing. It not only takes away our property, but it takes away our character for truthfulness and makes us out liars. It shows that twelve men did not believe what you and I swore to on the witness-stand—that the transfer was made without thought of wrong."

The Britannia's Passengers Free at Last. The Castle Garden steamboat Fletcher went down to Hoffman Island this morning to bring up the passengers detained on the steamship Britan nia on which the existence of cholera was suspected. They will be anded at Castle Garden late this afternoon. The seamship Alem, from Bremen, landed 55s immigrants at Castle Garden this morning. The steamships Brittanic, from Liverpool, and the Polynesia, from Hamburg, will be up this afternoon.

Boston's Lending Citizen. [From the Change Fines,]
It is noticed with surprise that Mr. Sullivan is no

receiving much attention from the literary people of London. He has not yet met such men as Tenof London. He has not yet met such men as Tennyson, Arnold, Browning, Spencer, Tyndall, Huxley, Mallock, Swinburne, Black, Hardy and others eminent in letters and learning, who, one might suppose, would be attracted by the most distinguished citizen of the literary centre of America.

A Natural Mistake.

[From the Norwich Bulletin.]
People not familiar with the intricacies of the manly game of football should not missporehend the meaning of the expressions ''haif-back" and "quarter-back," The ''haif-backs" and ''quar-ter-backs" are not veteran players whose spinal columns have been broken more or less in the gen-tle sport. Not at all, it is quite a natural mistake to make, however.

The Zither's Mournful Note. [Prom the New Orleans Picayone,] .
New York society is now experiencing a mither

playing craze. The zither is a modest little stringed instrument that Hes flat upon a deal tase when played and emits soft, musical tones that sound like a wall for more beer.

HANLAN DEFEATED.

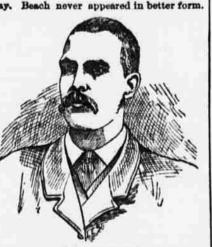
on the Nepean River.

Description of the Course Over Which the Race Was Rowed.

The Australian is Now Champion of the World-Hanlan's Confidence Before He Left America-Defeated by Beach for the Second Time-John Teemer is the Only Hope Left for America-His Speed.

SYDNEY, Australia, Nov. 26.-Beach has beat Hanlan again, and sporting men on this part of the globe are exuberant with de light. The defeat of the American champion to-day was even more decisive than it was when the same oarsmen raced before.

Hanlan had free scope and fair play today. Beach never appeared in better form.



WILLIAM BRACH.

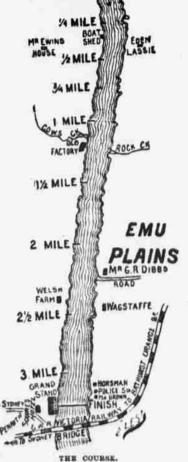
He was cheered enthusiastically by thou sands of people on the river banks along the course. Beach's victory to-day gives him the undisputed claim to the championship of the world.

The Nepean River, on which Hanlan and Beach rowed, is situated thirty-four miles from Sydney. It can easily be reached by road or rail. The course is three miles and quarter long and three miles of this is perfectly straight. The only curve is a slight one for the first quarter of a mile. The river is about a quarter of a mile wide throughout, save at the finish, which is some sixty yards from the railway bridge. Here it broadens out a little. On the banks there are but two residences. The one on the eastern shore is owned by Mr. Ewins, a Sydney merchant, and the other, on the opposite shore, by G.

R. Dibbs, M. L. A. The grand stand is erected at the back of Squire's Hotel, which is high up from the water, opposite the finish. All the land on either side is private property, and of course the gate money must have been con-

There are two little creeks running into the river from either side. Formerly there was ken rock midway in the stream, bu this was removed by blasting, leaving the channel clear. The depth of the water averages about five fathoms.

A strange feature, but a most important one, is the entire absence of tide, current or stream. In fact the river is practically a large canal, inclosed for four miles by sloping banks. It is certainly a fair course, and the loser cannot attribute his defeat to the river. Below is given a good map of the START- CLENBARM course, with points of interest on the banks :



BEACH CHAMPION OF THE WORLD.

The international sculling regatta for the championship of the world, which took place on the Thames, England, on Aug. 30, 31, and Sept. 1, was won by Beach over all competitors. The course favorite recipe for making brown bread,

was in each heat three miles and a quarter straightaway. The entries were Wallace Ross, John Teemer and George W. Lee, of the United States; George Bubear and George J. Perkins, England, and William Beach, Neil Matterson and Beach Wins the Sculling Contest Peter Kemp, of Australia. Beach and

EDWARD HANLAN.

were the final contestant after the second trial heats had been rowed. They rowed the final heat over the regular championship course from Putney to Mortlake on Sept. 1. Beach won easily in 22m. 50s., making him the champion of the world, a title which he still holds in virtue of his victory over Hanlan.

HANLAN'S DEFEAT IN 1885, Until 1885 Hanlan held the world's cham pionship. In that year he first met Beach in Australia in a sculling regatta on the River Nepean, on which occasion he was badly whipped by Beach over a three and a quarter mile course in 20m. 29s., thus virtually closing the cham-pionship. Hanlan, however, would never acknowledge this to be a fair race, claiming that he was not in condition, and ever since that time he has been seeking an opportunity to meet Beach a second time. The race to-day settles the matter beyond further dis-TEEMER NOW AMERICA'S HOPE.

When Hanlan left America several weeks age he was full of hope, and declared that he was confident of his ability to defeat the great Australian. But those who knew him best have declared that the way the Canadian has been handled by Teemer in their recent contests had convinced them that the Toronto man was losing his grip on the oars. This contest with Beach would either restore him to the proud position he once held among the scullers, or retire him to the list of second-class carsmen. Teemer is now the only hope of Americans, Gaudaur having fallen before his speedy scull not long ago at Lake Maranacook. It is admitted on all sides that he has improved his speed wonderfully since the international contest of 1886, when he was defeated by

Read Nellie Bly's experience as an amateur

factory girl in the Sunday WORLD. DIPHTHERIA KILLING OFF CHILDREN.

injudicious Economy in Amsterdam Make the Disease Almost Epidemic.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.) AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Nov. 26.-Almost an epidemic of diphtheria is raging in this city. Deaths are very frequent, especially the children. During the warm months the city authorities maintained a public garbagewagon, and the refuse of the city was removed before any evil results could follow. At the first sign of cold weather the garbagewagon was taken off. This occasioned a howl of disapproval, and householders at once began reporting contagious diseases.
The spread of dipththeria was noticed immediately. The Board of Health, ticed immediately. The Board of Health, at its meeting early this month, could do nothing, owing to the laggard attendance of the members of that body. Another meeting was called. The first public announcement of the alarming spread of diphtheria followed. Household and physicians were condemned for not giving prompt notice to the Board of Health of the location of the disease. The sanitary regulations of the city of Amsterdam were printed and circulated, and the work of guarding against the spread of the disease began. Householders were notified that any one neglecting to report to the Board of Health any case of to report to the Board of Health any case of contagious disease would be prosecuted ac-

ording to law.

The Board of Health have petitioned the Common Council to assist in the work. A joint meeting will be held this week to take action on the matter. Several pestilence-breeding places are maintained in different portions of the city.

GANGS INFEST THE NEIGHBORHOOD. John Daly Refuses to Tell How He Got Four Stab Wounds in His Head.

Policeman Sweeney, of Capt. Killilea's precinct, early this morning found John Daly, twenty-four years old, a laborer, living at 234 West Sixtieth street, wandering aimlessly about the neighborhood of Tenth avenue and Sixtieth street with four stab

avenue and Sixtieth street with four stab wounds in his head.

Daly refused to talk about his injuries, either because he could not remember, or because he desired to shield a friend. He was taken to the Roosevelt Hospital, where his injuries were dressed.

The neighborhood in which the wounded man was found is a dangerous one, inasmuch as it is infested with gange. as it is infested with gangs.

Beautiful, But Too Fond of Morphine.

DOWNINGTOWN, Pa., Nov. 26.—Mes Alice Wil-bur, about 28 years old, residing with her brotherin-law, W. Scoffeld, at Dampman's Station, in Honeybrook Township, attempted to commit suicide yesterday by shooting herself through the abcide yesterday by shooting herself through the abdomen with a revolver. The young lady is a victim
to the morphine ha it, and relatives nd friends
have been trying to treat her off it. Shortly after
dinner sue imported her brother-in-law to give her
some of the drug, and on being refused slapped
upstairs to his room and securing his revolver came
back again and deliberated such herself before he
could stop her. Her attending physicians have not
been able to extract the ball, nor have they any
hopes of saving her life.

See the Sunday Would for Mrs. Cleveland's

Edition.

PRAISE FROM MR. POWDERLY

HE SPEAKS ON THE PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE OF THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

To an Audience in Industrial Art Hall, Philadelphia, He States that the Labor Organization is the Strongest Beneath the Blue Sky of Heaven - An Eloquent Defense of the Lehigh Miners.

[SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26 .- "The Past, Present and Future of the Knights of Labor " is a subject that in the hands of an ordinarily capable man would attract an appreciative audience in this city. When the Pennsylvania and Reading Railroad employees arranged for a lecture upon this subject they took it for granted that the aims, the objects, the conceptions and the aspirations of the powerful labor organization would attract to Industrial Art Hall a large and sympathetic audience last evening.

Those who held that the affair would be

numerically a success were not disappointed. Rarely has the spacious hall been so well filled, and if frequent and earnest applause be indications of appreciation, the vast audience of the horny-handed sons of toll were well satisfied with the lecture. Two causes contributed to fill the house. In the first place, the lecture was delivered by

causes contributed to fill the house. In the first place, the lecture was delivered by General Master Workman Powderly, and in the next it was in aid of the striking anthracite coal miners of the Lehigh Valley. To judge from the warmth of reception accorded Mr. Powderly and the frequent bursts of enthusiasm created by his lecture, he still retains the respect and confidence of the order in Philadelphia.

John M. Lee, Master Workman of the Machinery Constructors' District Assembly, No. 198, presided and opened the proceedings by a brief reference to the strike in the Lehigh coal region and a few words in advocacy of the miners' demands. He then introduced Mr. Powderly.

Premising his address by an eloquent denunciation of monopoly and a passing reference to the war for the abolition of slavery among the colored race, only to transfer its shackles to millions of white men in this liberty-loving country, Mr. Powderly applied himself to the subject proper of his lecture and said:

"On Thanksgiving eve in the year 1869 there was born in Philadelphia an organization destined to hold forth the hand of fellowship to every man, which brushed aside all-distinctions of creed, and in view of which it was made possible for the meanest sweeper that lifts the offal off our streets to look up with hope to a better and less degrating future. Thus was given to the world the Knights of Labor, which worked as a secret organization until September, 1881, when, in the city of Detroit, it laid its secrecy aside, and the Knight came forth in his manhood and proclaimed to the toilers of the earth that he belonged to a body which took no account of creed or color, but had pledged itself to work earnestly and persistently for the collective and individual interests of its members.

"To-day that organization is the strongest in members." members.
To-day that organization is the strongest in membership, the strongest in intelligence and the strongest in manhood of any organi-zation ever created beneath the blue sky of heaven. We welcome to our ranks every man, not as has been said, for the dollars or

dimes his accession may bring, but to teach him the things in our social system that need a remedy and create a public opinion upon the objects we have set ourselves to at-

Mr. Powderly next referred to the intro-duction of labor-saving machinery, and in this connection said; "Do I rail against labor-saving machinery? "Do I rail against labor-saving machinery? No. But I say that at present it is not properly applied, and that we workingmen, who should, do not derive the benefits from its introduction to which labor, as distinguished from espital, is entitled. What, then, should we do in this connection? I raise my voice and say agitate all along the line of labor; agitate until all those who avail themselves of those machines now are compelled to realize that they were not intended solely for them—that they were designed for mankind, and that mankind should reap the benefits from them."

that they were designed for mankind, and that mankind should reap the benefits from them."

Mr. Powderly next applied himself to the legislative work accomplished by the order since its inception. This, he said, was greater than any amount of remedial legislation for the working-classes that was passed by either the political parties in the same period of their early existence.

The question of foreign labor was next alluded to, and in reference thereto the lecturer said he was not opposed to foreign immigration, provided the immigrants came to stay and to become part and parcel of the country of their adoption. He warmly denounced imported contract labor and gave a graphic picture of the wretchedness and filth of the domestic surroundings of some miners whose district he had visited years ago. Of the miners in the Lehigh region he said:

"It is said the miners are a rough and uncouth lot. That I denounce as a false slander. No braver, kinder or more generous body of men breathes the air of heaven than the miners of the Schuylkill and Lehigh Valley coal regions. A breaker is burned, the smoke ascends to heaven and the telegraph wires flash the news that it was done by the striking miners. I say that it is a barefaced lie. No miner ever did it, for the

graph wires hash the news that it was done by the striking miners. I say that it is a barefaced lie. No miner ever did it, for the miners are not fools. They know that all the property there is heavily covered by insur-ance, and if they have feelings of revenge at all they will not avenge themselves on the insurance companies, who are certainly not their ompressors."

their oppressors."

As is his usual custom, Mr. Powderly then spoke at some length on temperance, and concluded by predicting for the Knights of Labor a future that would abundantly realize their most sanguine anticipations of full and even-handed justice.

The Sunday WORLD will tell how Wilkie Collins writes novels.

Their Futher Didn't Want Thom. Policeman Bowe found two little boys, August Reistel, aged thurteen, and Jacob, aged ten, alcoping in a wagon on Attorney street, about 11 o'clock ing in a wagon on actories serves, asons to waster asstring the actor of the morning, in the Essex Market Police Court, their father, August Reistel, of Se Sacriff Street, told Justice Patterson that the boys had been away from home since September. "Patterson way," he said, "I don't want them." The boys did not seem to care much what happened to them. Mr. Young, of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, took them in charge.

See the Sunday WonLD for Mrs. Clevelo favorite recipe for making brown bread.